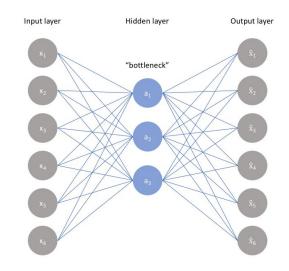


# Introduction to Deep Learning (I2DL)

Exercise 8: Autoencoder

#### Today's Outline

- Exercise 07: Example Solutions
- Exercise 08
  - Batch Normalization & Dropout
  - Transfer Learning
  - Autoencoder





# Exercise 7: Solutions

#### Leaderboard: Ex7

#	User	Score
1	u0787	64.30
2	u0120	59.87
3	u0807	56.85
4	u0146	56.59
5	u0746	55.47
6	u0638	55.40
7	u0766	54.34
8	u0676	54.19
9	u0853	54.16
10	u1490	54.13

#### Solution 1: 59,87%

```
self.model = nn.Sequential(
    nn.Linear(self.hparams["input_size"], self.hparams["nn_hidden_Layer1"]),
    nn.ReLU(),
    nn.Linear(self.hparams["nn_hidden_Layer1"], self.hparams["num_classes"]),
    nn.ReLU()
    )
```

#### Manual Transforms:

- Crop
- Gaussian filter
- Rotation
- Flip
- etc

```
split = {
    'train': 0.9,
    'val': 0.05,
    'test': 0.05
}
split_values = [v for k,v in split.items()]
assert sum(split_values) == 1.0
```

```
hparams["loading_method"] = 'Memory'
hparams['num_workers'] = 1
hparams['input_size'] = 3 * 32 * 32
hparams['batch_size'] = 1000
hparams['learning_rate'] = 5e-5
hparams['weight_decay'] = 1e-3
hparams['nn_hidden_Layer1'] = 1500
hparams['num_classes'] = 10
```

#### Solution 2: 56,85%

my\_transform = transforms.Compose([transforms.ToTensor(), transforms.Normalize(mean, std), transforms.RandomCrop(32, padding=4),
transforms.RandomHorizontalFlip()])

```
# Note: you can change the splits if you want :)
split = {
    'train': 0.6,
    'val': 0.2,
    'test': 0.2
}
split_values = [v for k,v in split.items()]
assert sum(split_values) == 1.0
```

```
hparams = {
    "batch_size": 16,
    "learning_rate": 1e-3,
    "input_size": 3 * 32 * 32,
    "hidden_size": 512,
    "num_classes": 10,
    "num_workers": 2, # used
}
```

#### Summary

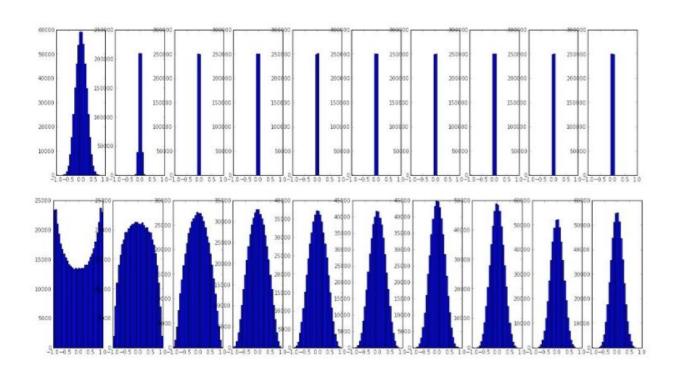
- Network: Linear + ReLU (Depth: 2-4)
- Initialization of Network Weights
- Optimizer: SGD or Adam, LR Scheduler
- Data Augmentation



# Improve your training!

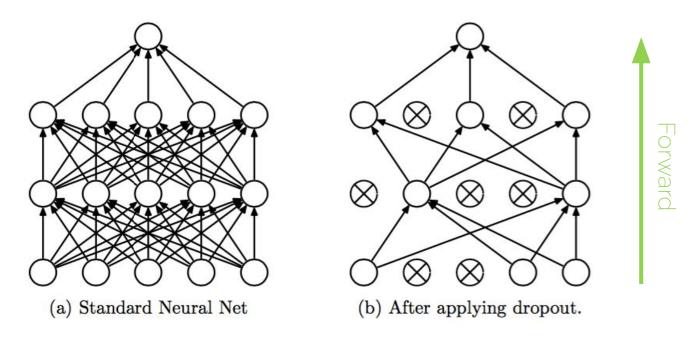
#### Batch Normalization

All we want is that our activations do not die out



#### Dropout

• Using half the network = half capacity



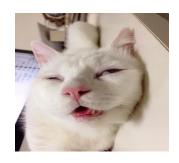


#### Transfer Learning: Example Scenario









- Need to build a Cat classifier
- Only have a few images ~10 000

12DL: Prof. Dai

12

- Problem Statement:
  - Training a Deep Neural Network needs a lot of data
  - Collecting much data is expensive or just not possible
- Idea:
  - Some problems/ tasks are closely related
  - Can we transfer knowledge from one task to another?
  - Can we re-use (at least parts of) a pre-trained network for the new task?

Distribution



Large dataset

Distribution



Small dataset

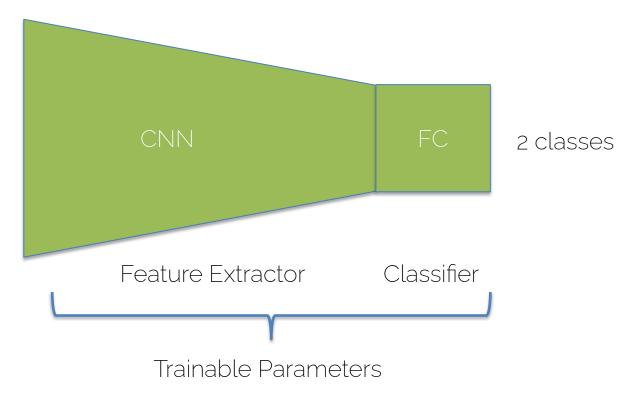
Use what has been learned for another setting



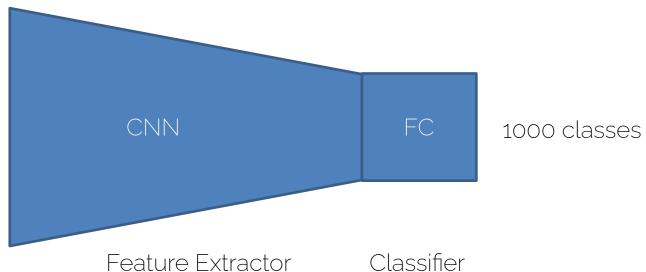
Coloring Legend:

Untrained

Trained







Coloring Legend:



Untrained



Trained



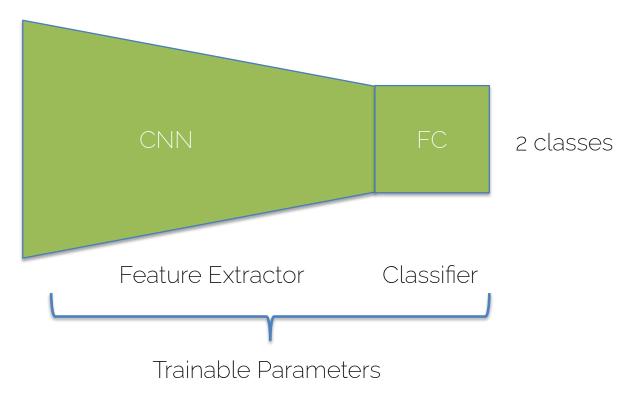
Coloring Legend:

U

Untrained



Trained

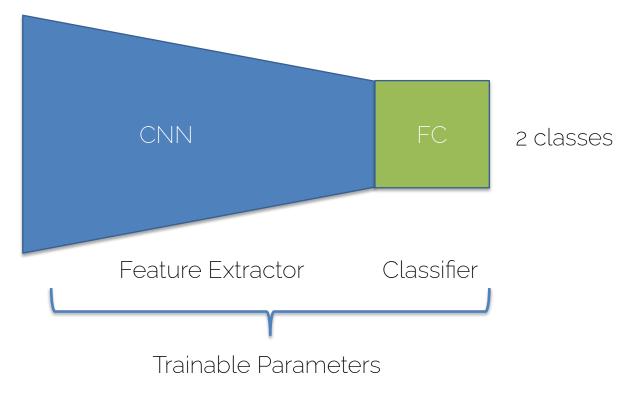




Coloring Legend:



**Trained** 

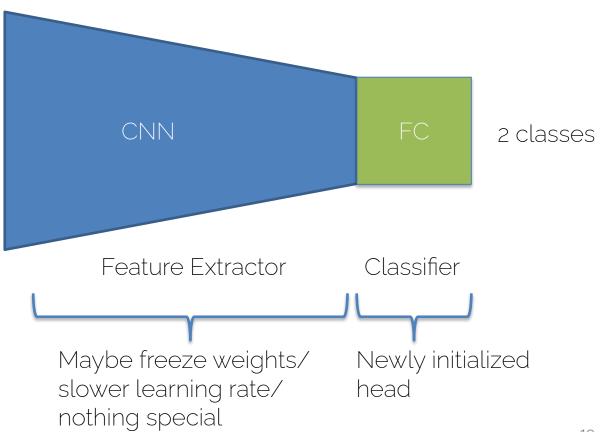




Coloring Legend:

Untrained

Trained

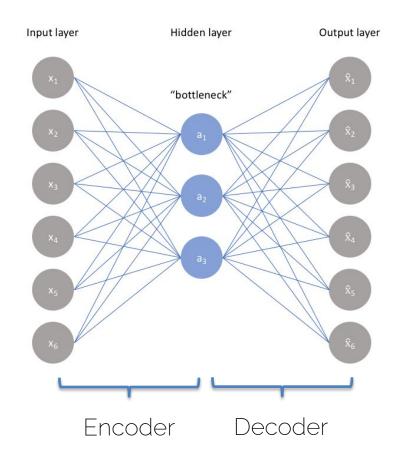




# Application: Autoencoder

#### Autoencoder

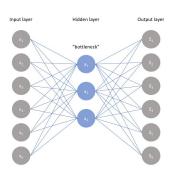
- Task
  - Reconstruct the input given a lower dimensional bottleneck
  - Loss: L1/L2 per pixel
- Actually need no labels!
- Without non-linearities: similar to PCA



### Transfer Using an Autoencoder

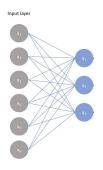
#### • Step 1:

 Train an Autoencoder on a large (maybe unlabelled) dataset very similar to your target dataset



#### • Step 2:

 Take pre-trained Autoencoder and use it as the first part of a classification architecture for your target dataset



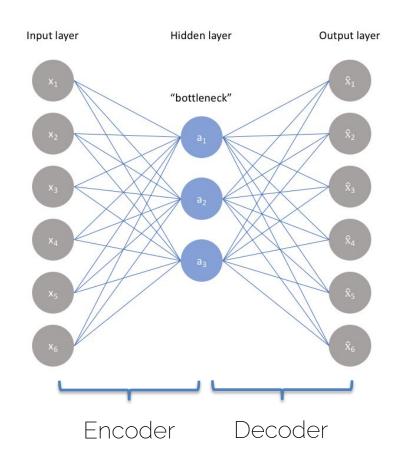


## Exercise 8

#### Autoencoder

- Exercise Task:
  - 60 000 Images
  - Only 300 with labels

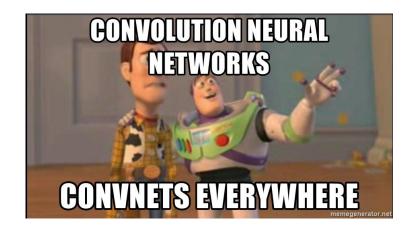
#### MNIST database



## We get there...

No convolutions yet, but be prepared...

Next week will be the week.



But that means for now, we stick (one last time) with our linear layers.

#### Summary

- Tuesday 20.12.2022: Lecture 9
  - Convolutional Neural Networks 1
- Wednesday 21.12.2022 15:59:59 Exercise 8 Deadline
  - Autoencoder
- Christmas Break <u>\*\*</u>
- Tuesday 10.01.2023: Lecture 10
- Thursday 12.01.2023: Exercise 9 Release



# Good Luck & See you next time!